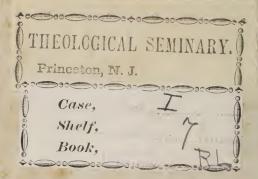
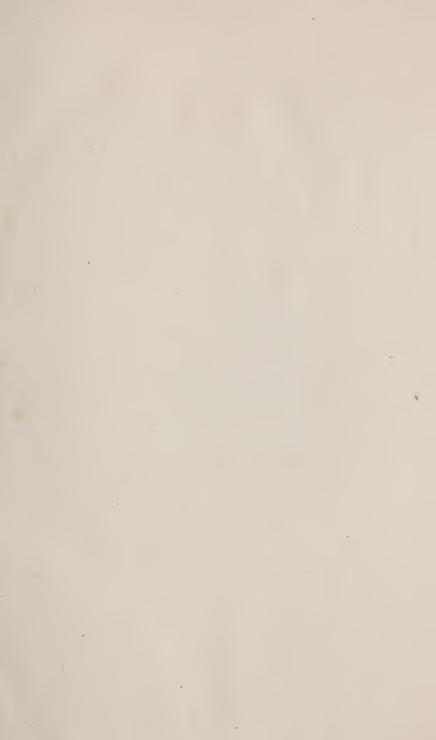


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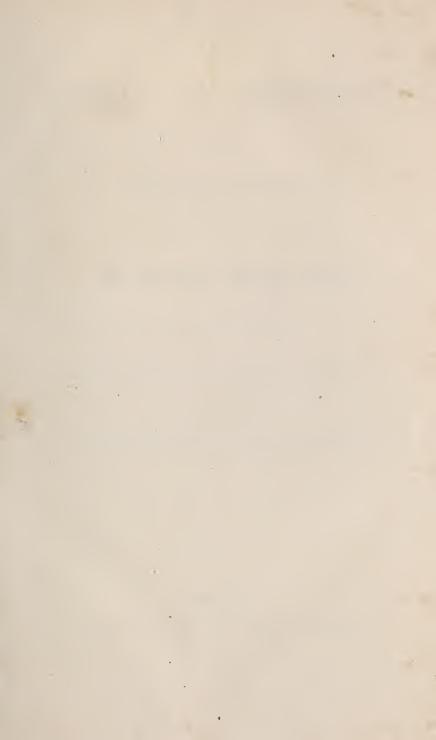












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Forth;

THE

SPIRIT OF MISSIONS;

EDITED FOR

THE BOARD OF MISSIONS

OF

The Protestant Episcopal Church

IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

By the Secretaries and General Agents of the two Committees

To the intent that now unto the principalities and powers in heavenly places, might be known by the Church the manifold wisdom of God.—St. Paul to the Ephesians.

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DOMESTIC MISSIONS

OF THE

Protestant Episcopal Church.

JANUARY, 1860.

Can we Raise \$100,000?

"We are of the opinion, that at least the sum of \$100,000 should be raised in the ensuing year, for the Domestic Missions of the Church, and it can be done, and more, if the Church will but do its duty. We are persuaded that 1,000 persons, or parishes, can be found to contribute \$100 toward this fund."

COMMITTEE ON THE REPORT OF THE DOMESTIC COMMITTEE.

Now, how can this be done? Recommending it, and resolving it ought to be done, and shall be done, is one thing; to use the means, and set the thing in train, for its accomplishment, is another.

Last year, from all sources, legacies, the Relief Fund, special contributions, collections in churches, and individual donations, we had six hundred of the one thousand persons, or parishes; that is, we raised, in all, about \$60,000. Now, legacies vary from year to year. Last year the receipts from this source were larger than usual, say \$9,000. The Relief Fund was a special effort, and cannot be counted on for this year. The special contributions, being designated, do not aid us in

our liabilities. We must look, then, to legacies, individual donations, and collections in the churches, to raise the amount.

In many instances, collections might be raised to this amount, if this end were kept in view, and distinctly stated. In many cases, collections come up to \$70 or \$80, when a little more would just as readily be given, if it were kept before the minds of the people, that in order to raise the sum required, we want "from 1,000 persons, or parishes, the sum of \$100."

Where it cannot be done from collections, a few collectors, or a single layman, or zealous Churchwoman, might raise the amount.

In many parts of the Church, liberal individuals may be found to give \$100, to further and carry out this great good end. We are constantly receiving spontaneous tokens of interest of this amount, from individuals in various portions of the Church. We have had one of \$250, one of \$125, and one of \$100, since the meeting of the Board. These might be multiplied greatly, if they had this end distinctly set before them. How many can be had in each diocese? Will the members of the Board of Missions, clerical and lay, take this matter in hand, and see to it, in their several localities? We have a claim upon the members of the Board for personal service, and active interest, in the recess, as well as for their presence and counsel, at the meetings of the Society. A little concert and effort, on the part of these, in all parts of the Church, would help very much to swell our resources, and help on the end in view.

We call also on the Committee of Laymen, appointed at the General Convention, to co-operate with us, in order to this end. With more than thirty persons of influence, scattered over the whole Church, what might they not accomplish, if banded together with this end in view, and steadily purposing that it shall not fail.

Nor, in our efforts to attain this end, would we despise the smaller contributions, either of parishes or individuals. Let these flow on, and multiply a thousand fold. The smaller rivulets make up the streams which widen and deepen in the noble river which make glad the city of our God. The many smaller contributions will grow into large sums. We are informed that the Baptist Missionary Society, last year, having a debt of \$35,000, raised \$32,000 in dollar subscriptions. Let this plan go on side by side, then, with the other. Let as many as possible, in the parishes, be found to give their dollar for our cause. Let as many as will, send it to our Treasurer directly, if they have not the opportunity at home. We want all these means. "We must sow beside all waters." May we not hope then for success? Never was there a better time, or more favorable opening for work in our cause, than now. Let al then, rally, and all resolve to work and give, and the work is done.

Will Every Parish Contribute?

A GOOD EXAMPLE—AN INFANT PARISH.

THE following letter speaks for itself. Here is an infant parish, only a few months old, struggling with its own early wants, and enjoying, as yet, only the benefits of lay reading, sends its contribution for our cause. Is there any one of all the non-contributing parishes which has greater difficulties in the way, and might better plead them, than this young, but willing parish.

But for the letter, which we give without place or name:

———, Dec. 12th, 1859.

REV. AND DEAR SIR :

The Mission was established this summer, the first service ever held in the village being on the last Sunday of the month of August just passed We would like to have given more, but, as yet, it is somewhat difficult to raise enough among ourselves to support the incidental expenses of the chapel. Trusting that the smallness of the amount may be overlooked in the spirit with which it is given, I am, Rev. and dear Dr.,

Respectfully and affectionately yours,

LAY READER IN CHARGE.

Gleanings from Missionary Experience.

WE give below some brief extracts from letters of oar faithful missionaries which will show somewhat of the nature of their toils and privations, and of the patient, cheerful spirit in which they meet their trials, and do their Master's work. The unwritten history of domestic missionary life would reveal much, very much, of the shady side of ministerial experience. There are instances of as noble and heroic patience and fortitude as can be found, in this deserving class.

We commend the few following extracts to the attention of our readers, and bespeak that cordial sympathy and liberal aid, which the cause and its faithful laborers demand. One of our missionaries writes: "Never in many years was money more acceptable than the fifty dollars contained in your letter, carrying the welcome intelligence of my appointment as a missionary of the Domestic Committee. It found me without a dollar in the house, and without the means of satisfying my quarter's rent then over due, and for which my landlord was dunning me most pertinaciously. I beg you to thank the Committee as I do from my heart, for this most seasonable aid, which I trust will prove to have been well bestowed."

Another missionary writes of a favorable opening in his mission thus: "There were few communing members, but several who had been attending members or professed a preference for our Church. I organized a parish, and went regularly once a month to serve them. The distance is eighty wiles; thirty of these are through an almost unbroken forest,

one man only having made a small opening, and through the rainy parts of the year so miry as to be impassable, except on foot or horseback. In either way, journeys involved considerable expense and weariness."

Another writes thus gratefully of the early remittance we were able to make for October 1st: "Please accept my best thanks for your great kindness in sending me the order so early. I assure you it was most acceptable. It seems specially providential. I believe times were never harder for Western missionaries than now, at least it is so in my case. My parish is in unavoidable debt, and straining every nerve to extricate themselves. But they are kind and do all they can, and I would never complain."

Another missionary, who has been struggling hard to build a church, writes thus: "The work has been for some time at a stand from the difficulty of collecting money, but it is now resumed. This church has only been built by hard struggling and much self-denial, and I trust that when finished and put into use, it will be prized accordingly. What we can do without hiring we do, the hauling and getting rocks. I have myself spent one day in the unaccustomed employment of getting out rock for the foundation, from the banks of the river, and I expect soon to turn out in another direction, and haul sand for a day or two. It is a small neat building, and is estimated to cost about \$1,400."

Another writes, after a service at one of his stations: "It was my sad lot to be attacked, after the night service on Sunday, with chills and fever, which have continued at intervals to trouble me up to this time. I have been able, however, so far to fill all my regular appointments, though I am very much debilitated by my repeated attacks."

Another writes in this cheerful, hopeful, thankful strain, which will east its ray of sunshine on the shadows and gloom of these gleanings from the harvest field, and read out lessons of contentment and thankfulness to all who are more highly

favored, in the good providence of God: "It may be gratifying for the Committee to know, that although your missionary, during the past year, has experienced some trials and some self-denials of a painful nature, yet every cloud has been tinged with brightness, and as it passed away God seemed to light up the future with his goodness and loving-kindness. There is no work like God's work. It is, emphatically, a paying work, not perhaps in silver and gold, but in the deep joy and profound gladness at the growth of the "good seed" and the harvest which is slowly but surely gathered into the Church, the earthly garner of the Lord. Your missionary has felt this joy, which has infinitely more than counterbalanced every pain and every sorrow incident to his duty."

Delaware.

Seaford—Rev. S. R. Slack.

THE undersigned, late Missionary at Seaford, Laurel, &c., Delaware, begs leave to present his final report, with his resignation of the Missionary charge of these associated parishes. The report is to this date, and the resignation from the same.

The continued ill health of his family alone induces your Missionary to relinquish a most interesting and promising field of labor; but he does so with the satisfaction of knowing that his work will, probably, be resumed at once by an experienced and faithful clergyman of our Church.

The Statistical Report of July 1st, last, will show the present condition of the Mission, and that the expectations of your Missionary, in his Report of January 1st, were not too sanguine. The Annual Report of July 1st, 1858, exhibited a list of communicants, forty-eight in number, while that of July 1st, 1859, shows the number to be one hundred and two. Of these, about thirty were added by the transfer of another country church to your Missionary's charge, leaving twenty-four as the nett gain. These were all new communicants, added by confirmation; and there are at this time from thirty to fifty probable candidates for confirmation. The number of families last reported was one hundred and forty-one—there are now probably two hundred families who would consider themselves as under the pastoral care of the Missionary of the Domestic Committee.

The temporalities of the Mission have improved. The several parishes have just pledged themselves to a large measure of support for the Missionary who shall succeed the late incumbent. It is true, the aggregate is still small, but the individual or family subscriptions are very general, ranging from one to twenty dollars each, annually. It is hoped that in a brief time one or more of the Churches will be self-supporting. One of them, indeed, might be so considered now, were it not for the dependent character of the others, who, without the aid of this one, as well as of the Domestic Treasury, would be without the services of the Church.

Services are generally three each Lord's Day, and average about three in the week. These are necessary to keep so many congregations together, as well as to edify and continue them loyal to Christ and the Church.

St. Luke's has one candidate for holy orders, and St. Mark's has a young man at a preparatory Department of one of our Diocesan Theological Seminaries, and another who will probably soon enter the same Seminary.

Wisconsin.

· Green Bay-Rev. E. A. Goodnough.

RIGHT Reverend Bishop Kemper, the indefatigable Apostle of the Northwest, visited this Mission on the 19th of September, and confirmed fourteen Oncida Indians, seven of whom were heads of families. The Bishop travelled twenty miles through a furious northwest storm in the morning, before service, entered the Mission Chapel soon after his arrival, preached to a crowded house of red men, women, and children, administered the rite of confirmation, celebrated the holy communion, of which nearly one hundred devout Indians partook—going through a service of three hours duration, and then in an hour's time starting for Green Bay, nine miles distant, where he arrived just at dark; the next morning, starting at half-past five for Menasha, to lay a corner stone for a church edifice which the Rev. C. C. Edmunds there intends, with the help of God, to build at that important and growing place.

As to the Oneida Mission, the spiritual condition of it is most cheering to all who hope for the welfare of the aborigines of our country, and effectually refutes those who justify themselves for neglecting them, by saying—"they are a doomed race, and can never be taught Christianity, and it is best to let them perish." Oh! it is heartrending to contem-

plate the cruel policy which has governed this enlightened and Christian Protestant land in regard to the Indian tribes. We were brought to this Western world that we might convert the Heathen in its bounds, but through our neglect they have been allowed to die in darkness, poverty and distress, and at the judgment day we can present but one or two in five thousand who have received from us the knowledge of a Saviour. This small proportion can never win the glorious commendation from our ascended Lord—"Well done thou good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord." But are not these Indians of our land some of those little ones who are hungering and thirsting for the Bread of Life? Are we not those who have not ministered to their necessities?

It is with great sorrow and concern that I state the fact, that the Indian corn and beans have been almost entirely destroyed by the frost. Thus, the vegetables upon which most of the Indians depended for their winter's food have perished, and I greatly fear that a great deal of suffering for want of food will be felt by many of my people the coming winter; but I hope our Heavenly Father will give them in some way their daily bread, so that none may starve.

The School House is not yet quite completed, a hundred and fifty dollars more will enable me to finish it for use.

The Sunday School has been well attended, the picture cards sent by friends having been of great service in interesting the children and bringing them to school. The singing of the children is most soul-inspiring, and I have called upon them to sing the same hymn over three or four times in succession, the effect being such as to convince me that the redeemed will never tire of the songs of praise they will join in singing before the *Throne* forever.

There are now over a hundred communicants at the Mission; surely our progress is slow but sure; the old and the young here and there declare themselves to be on the Lord's side, if so be that he will receive them for his adopted sons and daughters. May he bless his word till the present number increase five-fold.

Delafield-Rev. S. B. Hodges.

I SEND you this report of our parish for the last six months, ending with the close of September. During that time we have had two services every Lord's day. The attendance upon them continuing to increase. We have also had daily morning prayer in the church without a single day's interruption. Our parish school has also been kept up with an average attendance of about fifty children. On Good Friday, Bishop

Kansas. 9

Kemper administered the rite of confirmation to twelve persons. Eleven being from the parish. The Sunday-school continues in a flourishing condition, and we believe that the church of our Lord has been steadily gaining a hold upon the respect and affection of the people in and around Delafield, for which a few years ago there was little apparent ground of hope. By the confirmations and removals we have been enabled to add about sixteen persons to the number of our communicants. We have however, lost by removal, a far greater number. The Rev. Mr. De Koven, who, for the past five years, has been the rector of the parish, and to whom the parish owes nearly all the present strength and prosperity it enjoys, has accepted the rectorship of Racine College. In the course of a week or two he will go to Racine, and with him also go those preparatory students of Nashotah, known as the students of St. John's Hall. By this our list of communicants will be decreased more than twenty. Some families have also left us, and we are yet far from being in a condition to stand alone as a parish. The vestry, however, have gone to work earnestly and with energy, and are determined to do what they can, though feeling very deeply the loss they sustain in the removal of Mr. De Koven, who while with them spared not himself, his labors, his means, nor anything he could spend for them. The vestry have elected me rector, and we sincerely trust that the blessing of the Great Head of the Church will continue to prosper and strengthen us. (He has since resigned.)

Kansas.

Manhattan-Rev. N. O. Preston.

In this report I have nothing of unusual interest to communicate. Funds have been so unexpectedly withheld that we are making slow progress in our church edifice.

The spiritual prospects of the church in Manhattan are encouraging. We have now sixteen communicants. Since my last report our Bishop made us a visit, preached, and confirmed two persons.

Our Sunday-school and Bible-class are well sustained, and increasing in interest.

During the last six months I have preached, at seven o'clock, P. M., on alternate Sundays, in Wahbanso. My congregation there has averaged about sixty persons. I have organized a parish under the name of Trinity Church, Wabans, and have secured two lots, fifty feet by one hundred and fifty feet each, for a church edifice.

I have also visited and preached twice in Ashland, a town south of the

Minnesota.

Kansas river, about nine miles east of Manhattan. I hope soon to secure land in that vicinity for church purposes.

I do not, however, consider the present a favorable time to organize a parish there.

God has blessed myself and family with health, and with mind and heart to labor in His vineyard. Praise be to His holy name.

Lecompton-Rev. W. J. Ellis, late missionary.

I was unable, just before my departure from Lecompton, to send you my resignation. I left there on the 30th of September.

A church was under way when I left. The ladies had just held a fair the second one, to raise money to aid in building it. Lecompton has a population of not over five hundred, I think, and yet during the year and a half I was there, over a thousand dollars was given for church purposes, exclusive of what was raised by the ladies, which I supposed was five or six hundred dollars. The ladies deserve great credit for their zeal and persistence in the work. To Mrs. Beard of Philadelphia, the church there is indebted for a very valuable communion service, and Bible, and prayer book, and to many ladies for articles sent on for the fair. Nothing had been done when I left in the way of getting subscriptions to aid in building the church, though it was intended soon to make the effort.

On the Bishop's visit three were confirmed, two more would have been, had they been able to be present. I have baptized two adults and four infants.

Minnesota.

St. Anthony's Falls-Rev. J. S. Chamberlaine.

The promise for our diocesan is very cheering. Already about two thirds of the salary of the Bishop is raised, exclusive of six hundred dollars a year for several years (as I understand it) out of the diocese.

My own work goes quietly. Since my last report the Bishop has completed his visitation of the mission and increased the confirmations to sixteen. The churches in progress at Anoka, Crow Woods, and Neenah, we expected to have ready for consecration in November. The former of these places we made a station in April last, and now has a church nearly completed, and a finer one there is not in Minnesota. I cannot but thank God for all this.

Georgia.

Rome—Rev. W. H. Clark.

THE most important event within the bounds of my mission, since my semi-annual report in July last, has been the visit of our Bishop. On Wednesday, August 2d, he preached and administered the holy communion in Ascension church, Cass Co. At this point we have at present no permanent congregation of Episcopalians, but two large families belonging to Christ Church, Savannah, reside here during the summer. I have spent two Sundays there since the Bishop's visit, officiating at the church in the morning, and holding service for the servants, at the house of the Hon. Wm. H. Stiles, in the evening. On these occasions, after my own exercises are concluded, we permit the negroes to sing their own words to their own tunes. Their hearty enjoyment and great apparent devotion at the time makes the scene deeply interesting, and I cannot but regard their service and feeling united, as well pleasing in His sight, who accepteth "according to that a man hath." A personal concern for what they know of religion is much more general among our Southern servants than is commonly supposed by persons at a distance.

On Friday, August 5, the Bishop preached, and confirmed two persons at the Church of the Good Shepherd, Cave Spring. On this occasion one of the candidates was baptized. The Rev. Mr. Rees, of Macon, Ga., was present, and assisted in the services. I am under great obligations to this brother for officiating at Cave Spring within the last two months, which has rendered it unnecessary for me to visit that station during the time.

On the seventh Sunday after Trinity, August 7th, the Bishop confirmed eight persons, administered the holy communion, and preached twice in St. Peter's church, Rome. Notwithstanding the unpleasant weather, which prevented the usual services at the other places of worship in town, we had a very large congregation; several of the number, including two who were confirmed, coming twelve miles through the rain. Six were admitted to the holy communion at this time, making our whole number of communicants fifty-six.

I have attended two funerals, and baptized one white and one colored infant.

At the request of the Rev. Mr. Christie, deacon, I preached three times, and administered the holy communion in St. Luke's church, Jacksonville, Alabama, in July.

Everything is going pleasantly and prosperously among us, for which we owe unceasing thanks and praise to our Divine Master and Lord.

Washington Territory.

Fort Vancouver—Rev. John McCarty.

I have to report that, during the last half year, I have been absent from this place seven Sundays, one of which I was in attendance on our Annual Convocation; I spent another at Cathlamet, where I officiated in the morning and afternoon.

In the month of May I made a journey into the eastern part of this territory, on the Columbia, and up the Snake River, to the head of steamboat navigation. I believe no Minister of our Church has ever been in that direction, above the Dalles. After taking the steamboat on the Upper Columbia, 15 miles from the Dalles, I found the country on that river, and on the Snake, entirely uncultivated and uninhabited. A limited district about Fort Walla-Walla, three miles from the river, by that name, and 35 miles from the Columbia, admits of cultivation, and is being settled. I had service at the Post, on a Sunday, both morning and afternoon, and baptized three children. The following Sunday, which I had hoped to have passed at the Dalles, on my return, was spent on board the steamer, and under such circumstances as not to admit of any religious service. In this tour I spent more than a fortnight, and travelled about six hundred miles. In July, I took the Ocean Mail Steamer for Puget Sound, landing at Port Townsend, Sunday, the 10th, in time for a service late in the afternoon, at the Military Post, in that neighborhood. I regret I was unable to officiate at Port Townsend, which is a growing village, and promises to become the most important place in the northern part of our Sound country, and where we should have a Missionary. Tuesday following, I took the Sound Mail Steamer, and visited Victoria, on Vancouver's Island, and several other places on the Sound, and the waters connected with it, arriving at Steilacoon the following Thursday. Here I remained for about a week, officiating at the Post in the morning, in the village in the afternoon, of a Sunday, and again at the Post on an evening in the week following. While here, I obtained the renewal of a grant of an eligible lot for a church, in the village. Besides, the gift of an acre of land adjoining the village, has been promised, as an endowment for our Church. From Steilacoon I went to Olympia, the capital of this territory, where I spent four days, holding service both morning and afternoon, on Sunday. It is much to be regretted that this important place should so long remain destitute of a Missionary of our Church; for there, and about the Sound, he would have an interesting and promising field of usefulness. During this journey, in which I was from home about three weeks, and travelled about seven hundred miles, I baptized ten children, and attended one funeral.

At this place I have officiated twice every Sunday, devoting, as heretofore, the morning to the Post, and the evening to the village. gregation in the village has been larger than during any previous summer, and the attendance appears to be becoming more steady and regular. In the month of June the School House in the village, in which we worship. with the lot on which it stands, was sold at auction, and purchased by us, and paid for by means contributed, almost exclusively, by the officers belonging to the Post. We are now engaged in raising funds, and making arrangements to fence the ground, remove the house to a more suitable part of the lot, and make such alterations in, and additions to, the building, as may be required to fit it up as a place of worship. I believe all will be finished and paid for within three months, and the house ready for consecration. The location is central, and convenient for those who attend, both in the village and from the Post. During the last six months I have baptized fourteen infants, performed three marriages, and attended five funerals.

Missouri.

Hannibal—Rev. J. W. Dunn.

DURING the last three months I have had much to discourage me in my work here. We have lost by death and by removals some of our most valuable members. Our church building is not yet ready for occupation, though I have hopes of being able to use it this winter.

Although we have many difficulties to contend with, yet the field is a promising one; the interest in the Church is manifestly increasing, and I strive to look beyond the mists that now surround us, and I believe that ere long we shall have here a flourishing parish. In faith, and with prayer, I will sow the good seed, and trust to the good Lord to give the blessed increase.

Appointments.

Rev. John Swan, to Maumee and Napoleon, Ohio, from November 1st, 1859; Rev. Silas Totten, D. D., Iowa City, Iowa, from November 1st, 1859.

Resignations.

Rev. E. Maclure, of Warsaw, Illinois, from October 1st, 1859; Rev. H. Stone, of Leavenworth, Kansas, from November 1st, 1859; Rev. W. D. Harlow, of Florence, Alabama, from October 1st, 1859; Rev. S. R. Slack, of Seaford, &c., Delaware, from November 1st, 1859; Rev. W. Presbury, of Paducah, Kentucky, from December 1st, 1859; Rev. W. L. Bostwick, of Cairo and Jonesboro, Illinois, from November 24th, 1859; Rev. Ezra Jones, of St. Peter, Minnesota, from November 12th, 1859; Rev. M. H. C. Robertson, of Fernandina, Florida, from October 1st, 1859.

Acknowledgments.

DOMESTIC MISSIONS.		
DOMESTIC MISSIONS.		Connecticut.
The Treasurer of the Domestic Cor acknowle'ges the receipt of the fo sums, from October 1-t to Decembe 1859:	llowing	Cheshire—St. Peter's\$ Danbury—st. James' Easton—Martha Jennings Fair-Haben—St. James', Ad-
fflaine.		Greenwich-Christ, ditto 4
Gardiner-Christ	\$70 05	Hartford-St. John's 4
New Mampshire.		Middletown-Holy Trinity 2 New Canaan-St. Mark's
Portsmouth—St. John s	29 36	North Haven—St. John's 1
### Ermont. Brattleboro—St. Michael's	69 31	Stumford—St. Joon's. 5 Southport—Trini'y. 1 Watertown—Christ 2 Waterbury—S . John's. 2 Wallingford—St. Paul's 2 Weston—Emmanuel Westont—Christ. 1 New-York,
### ##################################	386 48	Clemont—St. Luke's Delhi—St. John's Greenburg—Zion 1 Kinlechook—St. Paul's Maspell—St. Saviour's 2 Monticello—St. John's New-Virk—Prinity Chapel. 36 New Brighton—Christ 4 Norwan—irace North Cutle—St. Stephen's Staten Islan I—St. Andrews 2 "Trinity Chapel. Factoryville; Watefford—J. Knickerbacker, Esq. through Bishop Potter 12 Yonkers—St. Paul's 11 Miss E. Hollingsworth, for Green Bav.
" do, for Ep scool Missionary A sociation 318 00	409 50	A Lady, through the Secretary, 1

Cheshire—St. Peter's\$10 50
Danbury-st. James' 14 00
Easton-Martha Jennings 1 30
Fair-Haben-St. James', Ad-
vent
Greenwich-Christ, ditto 40 07
Hartford—St. John's 48 50
Middletown-Holy Trinity 20 00
New Canaan-St. Mark's 1 00
North Haven-St. John's 10 00
Stamford-St. Joon's 59 87
Southport—Trinity 16 25
Watertown-Christ 20 00
Waterbury-S . John's 25 00
Wallingford—St. Paul's 25 00
Weston-Emmanuel 7 70
Westport-Christ 10 00 \$329 19
-

New-Dork.

Delhi—St. John's 9 25
Greenburg-Zion 13 33
Kinderhook-St. Paul's 6 43
Maspeth-St. Saviour's 20 00
Monticella-St. John's 5 00
New-York-Frinity Chapel360 00
New Brighton-Christ 40 62
Norwan—Grace 2 00
North Castle—St. Stephen's 4 92
Staten Islan I-St. Andrews 21 00
"Trinity Chapel. Factory ville 9 00
Waterford-J. Knickerbacker,
Esq., through Bishop
Potter 125 00
Yonkers-St. Paul's 12 00
Miss E. Hollingsworth, for
Gr-en Bav 5 00
A Lady, through the Secretary, 10 00 650 05

THestern New-Pork.	North Carolina.
	Asheville-Trinity\$2 50
Auburn—" N."\$25 00 Corning—Christ	Fayetteville—St. John's 64 04
Corning—Christ 7 77 Hammondsport—St. James' 5 00	Do., A Member 25 00
Le Roy—St. Mark's Sunday Sch. 50 00 New Berlin—St. Andrew's Sun-	Lincolnton—St. Luke's 3 00 \$94 54
day School 16 84	South Carolina.
Pierrepont Manor—Zion 10 00 \$114 61	Black Oak—Trinity 28 30
New-Jersey.	Bradford Springs-St. Philip's. 6 25
Elizabeth—Christ 15 00	Black Oak—Trinity
Hudson City—Holy Trinity 15 00	Cheraw-St. David's S. School. 1 45
Newark House of Prayer 33 00	Charleston-Christ 16 00
Princeton—Jas. Potter, Esq., in answer to Advent Appeal 250 00	" St. Michael's
Rahway—St. Paul's 11 02	" St. Peter's
Rancocas—St. Peter's 3 91 327 93	" St. Philip's 56 75 " Do., for Rev. Mr. Bacon,
Pennsylbania.	Nachitoches 5 00
Conneautville—Trinity 3 00	('larendon-St. Mark's. a Friend 25 00
Germantown-St. Luke's, a	Society Hill-Trinity, Spl. off g to 00 267 14
Member 50 00	Georgia.
Lebanon—Christ	Columbus - Trinity, through
Lower Dublin-All Saints 64 12	Bp. Scott, for Oregon100 00
Philadelphia—St. James', Mrs. SusanCoxe, through Rev.	Rome—St. Peter's 23 00 123 00
Dr. Morton 100 00 Pittsburgh—A Friend, Spl. for	Alabama.
Pittsburgh—A Friend, Spl. for	Carlowville-St. Paul's 38 36
Cala	Carlowville—St. Paul's 38 36 County Line—W. W. & J. B.
" Trinity	Lang
Pottstawn—Christ 22 50 Pottsville—Trinity 14 58 Readinz—Christ 52 19	Mobile—St. Mary's
Reading-Christ 52 19	Montgomery-St. John's 156 00
"A. C. R." through Episcopal Recorder, Philadelphia 10 00	Wilderness, Miss E. B.
"G. T." ditto, ditto 10 00 643 35	Turner 50 00
Delaware.	Uniontown—Holy Cross 70 00 334 36
	Mississippi.
New Castle—Emmanuel 63 23	Brandon Station 5 55
Margland.	Clinton, ditto. 1 75 Vicksburgh—Christ 83 50 90 70
Baltimore—Emmanuel 5 00	
" St John's 11 00 " K. ' 15 00	Louisiana.
" and Harford Co., St. John's 5 00	New-Orleans-Mrs. M. Wilkin-
"and Ilarford Co., St. John's 5 00 Harford—Christ 5 00	son
Havre de Grace—St. John's 5 00 St. Mary's Co.—All Faith Par 5 00	Ohio.
"St. Anirew's Par ½ 26 00	Cleveland-St. John's, at meet-
Uniontown—St. Mark's Chapel 7 67 Westminster—Ascens on 2 45	ing of the N. E. Asso., ½ 13 17
Westminster—Ascens on 2 45 Talbut Co.—Henry T. Didier 1 00 Washington, D. C.—"Sigma"	Huron—Christ 5 60
Washington, D. C 'Sigma'	Cuyahoga Falls—St. John's 4 00 Huron—Christ 5 60 Norgalk—St. Paul's 20 00 Zan-sville—St. James' 76 20 118 37
ha f 20 00 " A Friend," 5 00 Wyattsville—A Friend 2 00 115 15	Zan: sville—St. James' 76 20 118 37
Wyattsville-A Friend 2 00 115 15	
Virginia.	Chicago—Grace, half 16 00
The state of the s	Juliet—Christ
Bedford Co —St. Stephen's, Miss Harrison	Springfield-St. Paul's 13 60
Cumberland - " A Lady," for	Station at Cairo 3 00 52 05
Lancaster, C. H.—Christ, Mrs	Bentuckn.
W V D wnman 5 00	Frankfart—A c n ion 25 00
Lunenburg Co. — Cumberland Par., Mrs · V. N.'' 5 00 Portsmouth—Trinity 20 00	Frankfort—A/c n ion 25 00 Louisville—'t. John's, for Ne- braska
Portsmouth—Trinity 20 00	Newport-Rev. C. II. Page 2 50
" Do., Thanksgiving Coll 46 50	Versailles -St. John's 30 (0
Wheeling- 'Anonymous' 10 00 94 0	1 10 69 CO

Cennessee.		Iowa.
Memphis—Calvary\$10 30		Independence—Messiah \$2 00
" Grace		Oregon.
Ripley—Emmanuel 20 00	\$59 05	Portland—Trinity, collected by Rev. Jno. Sellwood 63 00
Michigan.		Legacies.
Detroit—Christ		Pa., Norristown. — Estate of Hetty M. Markley\$100 00
"St. John's Chapel 77 11 Niles—Trinity Sunday School. 8 74		Interest on Voorhies' Legacy. 90 00 190 00
Pontiac—Zion 5 52	152 17	Miscellaneous.
	102 11	Anonymous
Missouri.		Collection in St. Paul's, Rich- mond, at meeting of the
St. Louis—Grace 5 00 "St. John's 31 10		Board, half
WestonSt. John's 1 95	38 05	Treasurer of Epis. Miss. Asso. 1,250 00 "T. R. I." 5 00 1,725 02
Arkansas.		
Mrs. M. F. Trapnell	5 00	Total from Oct. 1st, to Dec. 15th, \$6,608 63 Correction.—A contribution of \$90, from
THisconsin.	- 16	St. John's Church, Washington, D. C., was omitted in the Annual Table; also, one of
Madison—Grace	10 00	\$86 69 from Church of the Epiphany, of the same place.
		E

The following sums, in aid of Domestic Missions, have been contributed through the Episcopal Missionary Association for the West, by the following named Churches and individuals, from the 1st to the 31st of October, 1859, inclusive, viz:

Pennsylvania - Philadelphia,					Total receipts in November \$965.61
St. Philips\$1	140	00			To which add balance on
" Holy Trinity 4	100	00			hand, Nov. 1st, 1859 316 84
" St. Luke's 4	100	00			
" Lancaster, St. John's Sun-					Aggregate sum \$1,282 45
day School	8	51			Of the above aggregate the Treasurer
" Honesdale, Grace Church,					of the Domestic Committee has re-
by a member	2	00	\$950	61	ceived within the same period 200 00
Maryland-Centreville, Mrs.					
R. T. Earle	5	00			And leaving to be received by him
" Frederick Co., Zion Ch	5	00	10	00	when appropriated by said Associa-
Virginia-By a Lady, through					tion\$1,082 45
the Treas. Dom. Com	5	00		- 14	

The following sums, in aid of Domestic Missions, have been contributed through the Episcopal Missionary Association for the West, in Philadelphia, by the following named Churches and individuals, in all the month of November, 1859:

To which add balance on hand Oct. 1st, 259 84
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
\$466 84
Of the above aggregate, the Treas-
urer of the Domestic Committee has
received 150 00
And leaving to be received by him,
when appropriated by said Associa-
tion \$316 84

FOREIGN MISSIONS

OF THE

Protestant Episcopal Church.

JANUARY, 1860.

EPIPHANY COLLECTIONS.

The Foreign Committee have just issued their Epiphany Paper, and the same has been sent to all the Clergy, to all the subscribers to the Spirit of Missions, to members of the Board of Missions, and others. Additional Copies will be sent to any Clergyman or layman who may desire to have them for distribution, on application to the Secretary and General Agent, 19 Bible House, New-York.

That paper calls the attention of the Church to the largely increased responsibilities which the Church has assumed in the Foreign Missionary work, and the Committee ask that these responsibilities may be so met that there may be no embarrassment.

Remittances for the additional force in China, as well as for those who have been longer in the field, must be made now—a medical missionary, Dr. Schmid, is now just ready to embark for Japan; the usual outfit, and in addition to this, a medical and surgical outfit must be provided, and the expenses of the voyage also paid—the Rev. Mr. Holden is prepared to go forth upon his South American Mission, his outfit and expenses must be paid, while, in addition to all this, and to other missionary work, the African Mission is being sustained by drafts upon the Treasurer of the Foreign Committee to the amount of about \$2,500 each month.

That the Church may see how pressing the necessity is for immediate attention to the wants of this department, the following financial statement is furnished by the Treasurer:

TREASURER'S STATEMENT.

Balance due him on 1st October last, \$2,905 15
Payments since that time, 13,944 00
\$16,849 15
Receipts since 1st October last, 6,439 70
and The Control of th
Treasury overdrawn, \$10,409 45
December 13th, 1859.

The Epiphany Paper furnishes extracts from recent publications. Additional information may be gathered from the following pages.

CHINA.

LETTER FROM REV. E. W. SYLE.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCE IN SHANGHAI.

Postscript, August 1st, 1859.

We have been called to pass through a time of great alarm and anxiety here the last few days. The exultation of the people at the recent disastrous repulse of the British from the Peiho has had an occasion afforded for its manifestation by the reported misconduct of some foreigners connected with a French coolie ship now attempting to load here. The popular excitement against them and against all foreigners indiscriminately became very great, so much so as to make the whole community feel alarmed for their personal safety. A guard from the ships-of-war, British, French, and American, is stationed all through the settlement; so that, for the time being, we are more in the condition of a garrison than anything else.

This I suppose is but a part of the process which must be gone through

in different parts of the country before the state of things becomes at all settled.

Our help is in the name of the Lord, therefore we continue unharmed, and are enabled to possess our souls in peace.

As ever, yours very sincerely in the Lord.

SECOND LETTER FROM REV. E. W. SYLE.

Dated at Shanghai, August 16, 1859.

The following letter furnishes particulars in regard to the outbreak at Shanghai, referred to in the foregoing postscript to Mr. Syle's letter:—

I MUST now give you some account of the singular course of events which has resulted in the attack on our church in the city, by a band of "lewd fellows of the baser sort," and a general unsettlement of our previously good understanding with the people of this city and its surrounding parts.

The first disturbing cause undoubtedly is the grudge which is cherished by all Canton men against all foreigners, especially the French and English allies, on account of the capture and occupation of their city. These Canton men are, almost exclusively, the brokers between the native and foreign merchants, and have the moulding of public opinion very much in their own hands in all places where Chinese and foreigners come into commercial contact.

That they cherish and disseminate a strong antipathy to foreigners there can be no question. From this class also are drawn by far the greater part of the domestic servants by whom the foreign mercantile establishments in China are over-burdened, and this must continue to be the case so long as the Canton serving boy will, and the young gentleman from home will not give, himself the trouble to learn the language of the other party.

Between these two parties there is no "" love lost." The Canton comprador, broker, or serving boy, is tolerated as a very disagreeable necessity, and the foreign merchant is served and disliked, fawned on and railed at, flattered and plundered, ad libitum.

This is the inheritance which the five ports have received from Canton, and is the result of that education of the East which the Leadenhall Street Company carried on. This Canton anti-foreign animosity, always smouldering, has been especially active, as I have already intimated, since the capture of that city itself and its subsequent occupation by the allies So that when the news of the repulse of the British from the mouth of the Peiho reached this place, there was an evident flush of exultation perva-

ding the whole community, and especially the Cantonese portion of it, and foreigners here, as well as at the open ports, anticipated trouble in some form or other, as an almost inevitable consequence of the prevailing state of feeling.

At this place, being nearest to the scene of disaster, it was likely to come first and most severely, and the event has realized this natural expectation. Here, at Shanghai, where, for fifteen years, the foreign and Chinese communities have lived together with hardly any interruption of mutual good feeling, and now, just at the moment when we were expecting to enjoy the freedom of travelling freely all over the country, at this place and at this time it was not safe for a foreigner to walk a half a mile in the country—nay, for nearly two weeks the missionaries could not enter the city without danger of exciting a tumult, and two of our churches were actually assailed and defaced by the mob.

So strong and so sudden a revulsion shows the volcanic nature of the ground on which we tread, and makes us feel a ten-fold gratitude to the Lord and Master who has preserved us long and so effectually.

FIRST EXHIBITION OF VIOLENCE.

The first exhibition of violence took place on the evening of the 29th of July. As I rode through the streets, on my way to Dr. Burton's, I saw crowds of people at almost every corner, and all in a very excited condition. On inquiring of them what was the matter, I was told that "foreigners had been engaged in kidnapping Chinese coolies and sending them aboard a French ship, lying at the mouth of the river near Woosung." I knew there was such a ship there, and I had heard previous rumors as to the alledged kidnapping, but I had no idea foreigners were personally engaged in it. I rode to the station-house, however, and I was told by the superintendent of police that four men had just been apprehended and lodged there-two Englishmen, one American, and one Swede. These I supposed to be of the runaway sailor class, who get themselves and other people in so much trouble in this part of the world. Considering that this would be the end of the matter, I thought no more of it till late in the evening. When I had nearly reached home one of our neighbors called to me from his verandah, and told me Mr. Lay, the Inspector of Customs, and Mr. Hobson, the British Chaplain, had been set upon and stabbed; that men had been landed from the ships-of-war, and that a general attack on the settlement was looked for. This was Friday night, and you may suppose that refreshing sleep was a stranger to my pillow. I looked upon my sleeping children in their little beds, and thought of Cawnpore, and Delhi, and Borneo, until the depths of my heart were stirred as they never had been before.

Morning came at last and with it all kinds of vague and alarming

rumors. Two, out of a company of five Malay sailors, who were wandering through the Ching Wong Miau, were killed, and the rest were only rescued by the personal interposition of the mayor, Che-Heen, who did not himself escape without some reviling and reproaches to the effect that he was ready enough to rescue foreigners, but did not care how many of his own people were kidnapped. This and some other unmistakable symptoms of disaffection made the mandarins very far from easy on their own account. No one knew but that there might be a concerted plan, on the part of the emissaries of the Nankin insurgents, to take possession of the city; besides these, the Cantonese were dreaded, and also another class of depredators called Mien-Fe, a kind of banditti or land pirates, very active in these times and very ruthless.

DARK FOREBODINGS OF EVIL.

Saturday night closed in with dark foreboding of coming conflict, but without any ascertained enemy against which preparations could be made. Patrols were, however, established, and the whole place wore the aspect of being in military occupation. Everything continued quiet, however, till about half-past ten at night, when the whole mass of junks which lie clustered together off the city appeared suddenly lighted up, and such a confused din of gongs and human voices was heard as only can be understood by those who have seen and heard Chinese junk-men in alarm, or during an eclipse.

We stood on our verandah and looked and listened, wondering what the tumult might mean. An attack on the settlement generally or on the French consulate and the other premises, or the sending of fire-rafts down among the foreign shipping—all or any of these suppositions seemed reasonable enough, but from the dangers of the last my mind was released by the turning of the tide, which began to run up about midnight, and thus made the operation impracticable. All these circumstances, combined with an intense heat of the atmosphere, which of itself made rest all but impossible, seemed to render the people frantic; and, for the time, they were more like a community gone mad, or possessed of a legion of evil spirits than ordinary living beings. The transformation was astonishing—both deplorable and alarming.

SOLEMN SERVICE.

Sunday morning brought together at our chapel almost all our communicants. Forty-one I think was the number that came to the table of the Lord, many of them, I have no doubt, with feelings such as they had never experienced before. During the preceding night our church in the city, as well as the chapel of the London Society's mission, had been attacked and damaged to a great extent by a mob, whose character and object were of an

undefined character. They broke lamps, doors, windows, &c., took out our books and surplices (one given me by St. John's, Providence) and burnt them; threw down and damaged the stone font, presented by the Epiphany, Philadelphia, and were proceeding to greater violence when the arrival of the mandarins with soldiers, checked and dispersed them. The building was cleared, and a guard left to protect it from further molestation, and then occurred one of those instances of strange, loose-end, Chinese mismanagement which provokes contempt and a smile at the same time. This guard, twelve in number, must needs, when their dinner time came, all go off to "eat rice" together, the consequence of which was that some of the rabble returned and did more damage. Then they made better arrangements for keeping a watch. Rev. Mr. Lowrie of the Presbyterian Mission, was hustled and insulted. Rev. Mr. Lambreth, of the Methodist Mission, pelted and his chair-bearers beaten. Straggling foreigners at different times and places killed, to the number of ten or more-others beaten.

FACTS LAID BEFORE THE UNITED STATES CONSUL.

All the circumstances concerning our church were formally communicated to the United States consul, who lost no time in notifying the Taoutai, and requiring restitution. The Taoutai on his part had been on the alert, and volunteered a communication to the consul at an early hour on Sunday. Subsequently, also, he has appeared really in earnest to check the disorder, and satisfy all reasonable demands made on him.

The French minister, M. Bourboulon, also appears to be actuated by the same spirit. On the Taoutai's requisition he ordered the Gertrude, coolie ship, up from Woosung, and delivered over all the emigrants on board, at so much a head. These were chiefly Ningpo men, who were examined, but nothing elicited from them as to the kidnapping, which fact was far from satisfactory to the country people hereabouts, who inquired: "Where are our relatives who have been carried off?" And in this state of half settlement the matter still stands; every fresh investigation going to show that there has been an industrious attempt on the part of some to create as much disturbance and dissatisfaction as possible so that the mandarins, the foreigners, and the wealthy inhabitants might be excited to mutual jealousy and alarm, and thus a general imbroglio might ensue.

If such was the object, it has failed, through the firmness of the authorities and the presence of a strong foreign force, but that part of the plan which had in view the plunder of the rich class, has succeeded in part. Many of the merchants moved their families and their valuables away from the city, and are said to have suffered not a little in the process and on the road.

Altogether it has been a season of alarm resulting from a consciousness

that something was wrong, and of danger arising from a knowledge of distrust and disaffection.

SCENE ON THE RIVER EXPLAINED.

That exciting scene on the river, to which I have referred, arose from the fears of a flotilla of sampans, whose owners thought the English were going to immolate them, and they, therefore, betook themselves to the larger junks, on to the cables of which they attempted to make fast. This alarmed the junkmen, who thought the sampans came to plunder. A general melee ensued; Chinese in the disguise of foreigners were said to have been engaged in it; some lives were lost, and many boats burned.

The time would fail me to mention all the proclamations, and notifications, and exhortations, that have been placarded on the walls by mandarins and consuls, and anonymous libellers. The war of words has been very energetic, and some hard things have been said all around against foreigners in general; in violent, imperious, and inconsistent conduct against the mandarins; in neglecting the flock and caring only for the fleece; and against the French for persisting in a traffic which the conscience of Christendom repudiates. Our poor Christians, too, have come in for no small share of abuse. Their neighbors have reviled them as "eating the rice of foreigners;" have told them "Jesus is dead now;" have threatened that their heart and bowels shall be torn out, &c., &c. The house of a Roman Catholic merchant has been threatened with demolition because he would not hang up lanterns when the procession of the god of fire passed by, and the French cathedral has been repeatedly spoken of as destined to destruction.

Notwithstanding all this, the fire of excitement seems going out, and my impression is that in the midst of, perhaps in consequence of, this stirring of the stagnant mind of the people, we shall find a larger number than usual aroused to consider the question of their own personal salvation.

That it may be so, join your prayers with those of your friend and brother in the Lord.

ADDITIONAL NOTE FROM TRE REV. MR. SYLE.

Shanghai, Sept. 3, 1859.

REV. AND DEAR BROTHER:—Your letter and Bishop Boone's, of the 17th of June, together with Mr. Aspinwall's of the 13th, came duly to hand.

Events on both sides of the world speak for themselves so emphaticallys that I feel exonerated from doing more than to note one or two matter, which are not likely to reach you through the public prints.

Immediately on the occurrence of the outrage upon our church building, I made application for reimbursement to the Chinese local authorities, through the U. S. Consul, and the *Taoutai* of this circuit responded quite

promptly, by the payment of four hundred taels, (about \$600) which was the estimated damage.

This promptitude was, I think, chiefly due to the return from Pekin of Mr. Ward, the U. S. Minister, who had succeeded in honorably representing his country at the capital, and in procuring, in the midst of many difficulties, the exchange of treaty ratifications.

The English text of the treaty has been published some time ago in the United States, and to that I must refer you for an exact estimate of the facilities it affords for increased Missionary exertions. The Russian Treaty has also been ratified, and the "most favored nation" clause gives us the advantage of whatever they have obtained. You will perceive that we are thus put in possession of facilities ten fold more extensive than we shall be able to avail ourselves of; and that there is no reason for despondency, though the yet more extensive freedom of range for which the British and French treaties stipulate, have not yet been secured. The result of next year's anticipated operations at the north, will probably be a still more thorough breaking up of barriers than has been heretofore contemplated. Our much-desired company of fellow-laborers will need to be reinforced by an unbroken succession of teachers and preachers. The enclosed notes from our two Deacons will make you acquainted with what was their spontaneous feeling on hearing of our anticipated accession of members; all I did was to suggest to them that they put their ideas on paper.

We have lost a worthy brother in Mr. Aucheson, concerning whose death I send you some particulars. It was anticipated that he and Mr. Macy would soon commence "a new station in the interior." Now, both are removed!

All these things tend to sober us in the midst of our joyful anticipations.

Ever yours truly in the Lord.

STILL LATER.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 20, 1859.

REV. AND DEAR BROTHER:—You will, no doubt, be anxious to know how far the commotions which were excited here by the combination of the allies' repulse from Takoo, with the coolie kidnapping, at this place, have subsided. I am happy to inform you that quiet is restored, though I ear a fresh crop of ill-will has been sown. Conjectures as to the future course of events, are of small account anywhere, least of all, here in China. What we know is that "the Lord reigneth," and that knowledge stands us in stead, under all changes of circumstances.

Our church in the city has been partially repaired—sufficiently to allow of recommencing our regular services there. Now, that the heat of the summer is past, I expect to go abroad more than I have ventured to do

for some time past. Mr. Keith's presence will greatly promote the resumption of many things which have necessarily been in abeyance since I have been alone. He and Mrs. Keith have arrived safely at Hong Kong, and we are looking for them here in a few days. So also Mr. Brown and his company in the "Surprise."

Letters just received here from Mr. Harris (who was, at the time of his writing, 22d August, located in Yedo) speak of matters as *improved*, in comparison with what they had been recently. The Japanese have made a most extraordinary effort to depreciate the value of dollars two thirds (!) and to confine foreigners at Kanagawa to "a sort of Desima." Both efforts have been successfully resisted, but the very attempts show either an unwillingness or an ignorance on the part of the Japanese which was not expected from them some months since.

Our brother Liggins seems to feel very much the exaggerations on the subject of Japan, and the prospects of Missionary work there, which have appeared in religious publications, and greatly fears the reaction that must needs take place. Certainly sobriety of statement has not characterized much that has been spoken and written on that subject, and the results reached will surely not correspond with the expectations excited.

Your enclosure of the 5th July did indeed bring cheering news. Yet we rejoice with trembling, lest some hindrance may spring up at the last moment, and the embarkation of our much-wanted reinforcement be delayed. Nevertheless, I have begun to prepare for their arrival, and glad enough we shall all be to see them when they come.

Ever truly yours.

LETTER FROM THE REV. CLEVELAND KEITH.

THE Rev. Mr. Keith and Mrs. Keith, it may be remembered sailed from New-York for Shanghai early in May last. The following letter gives account of their voyage and arrival at Hong Kong:—

CHINA SEA, Aug. 27, 1859.

My Dear Brother:—As you will see by this date, we have had a long and tedious time; and to-day we are so becalmed that the ship does not steer. There has been an uncommon succession of unusual and unfavorable circumstances attending us. First, we were 20 days out from New-York before we had a fair breeze, and most of that time almost a calm; at the end of it we were only in lat. 35°. From that time we made good progress, until we had run up our "easting" in lon. 80° east, but the S. E. trades were so much ahead that we crossed the meridian of Greenwich

in lat. 42°, south, instead of about 32°, as is usual. For a month, in those high latitudes, we had almost a constant storm, and for two days it was terrific. Our Captain said that we might go to sea for twenty years, and not see it as rough, and that few ever saw it more so. We felt that we were in danger, but were mercifully preserved from any serious accident, except that our watercasks were damaged, and about half the water lost. This necessitated us to be very sparing in its use, and we were on allowance for 16 days, before reaching Angier. After turning north, we took the "Trades" nearly as usual, but had a calm, and then a breeze from the N. West for two or three days, just where we expected the strongest and most favorable wind from the southeast. This was a disappointment; but since we left Angier the weather has been still more unexpected. Instead of a strong southwest monsoon, we have had only a very faint breeze, and have not averaged 100 miles a day on our route. Thus we have made so long a passage, not from any fault of the ship (for we have passed every vessel we have seen but one) but from those causes beyond human foresight or control. If the present state of the wind continues, we may be yet a week longer to Hong Kong, but we hope to reach there by Wednesday or Thursday. I am glad to say that my health has been sufficiently good to enable me to have service every Sunday, when the weather would permit-five times only, I believe-and the Captain was very willing to have it. Mrs. K. suffered much from the return of her dyspeptic troubles, especially the constant fever, until the last two or three weeks, during which time she has been much more comfortable. We infer from this that the motion of the ship had much to do with her distress before, and hope she will be well again on land.

I leave the remainder of this sheet to fill up at Hong Kong.

Hong Kong, Sat. Sept. 3d.—We arrived here safely on Wednesday, and found that our slow passage from Angier has been a safeguard from the typhoons which have prevailed of late. Two occurred, into one or the other of which we would almost certainly have fallen, if we had had winds of the ordinary strength. As it was, we were just on the verge of the last one, on August 29th. The news of trouble at Shanghai has filled us with sadness, but we hope that, after the first flush of excitement, the old kindly feelings may return. Some of our plans for China look uncertain just now, but we know that all these things are working out the plans of our great Bishop and Shepherd, and can rest in that blessed assurance.

We cannot tell how long we may be detained here, but I hope not more than a fortnight.

LETTERS FROM CHINESE NATIVE DEACONS.

The following letters, from the Rev. Mr. Chai and the Rev. Mr. Tong, are addressed to the Foreign Committee:—

Shanghai, Sept. 2d, 1859.

My Dear Christian Friends:—I thank you for your regard to my country, in sending more laborers with our beloved Bishop to this large field of labor, and your wish to enlarge Christ's Kingdom, so that many, many souls in China, through you, may be saved; but I am sorry there is not a doctor for us. We are very anxious to beg for a doctor. If you would try to let us have one, we hope to enjoy better health, and to manifest the Mission spirit to those that surround us. You do care for the infirmity of their souls; I hope you will do likewise for their bodies also, as our Saviour did.

I remain your respectful Christian friend,
Wong Kong Chai.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 2d, 1859.

Dear Sirs:—I am so glad to hear by Mr. Syle's information, that there are a great number of new Missionaries coming out to China, to labor for the Lord, with the Bishop. It is a blessed work you have begun in sending those Ministers. May God's good Providence bring them to a peaceful end of their journey, and may they prepare themselves in time to come to preach the Gospel to a world lying in wickedness, and let the fruits of their vast works join in the song of praise, "Hosanna to the Son of David: Blessed is he that cometh in the name of the Lord; Hosanna in the highest." Let this, I say, be the return of thanks to you. I cannot for one moment doubt you shall have this at the glorious resurrection, when we all meet together with those who are the fruits of our labors.

I do believe that God is still opening a wide door in China for his own cause, as the American Treaty is ratified; so that the Missionaries of our own and other Missions may go abroad to fill the lands with the perfect knowledge of God, and the people may no more go on blindly as having no shepherd. But our regret is that we have not a Missionary doctor of our own. If it would please the respected Committee to send out one to us, that would render us a great comfort, convenience, and relief to our bodily wants, when any one happens to be sick. With much hope of your sending a doctor soon, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

C. K. Tong.

AFRICA.

LETTER FROM REV. THOMAS J. THOMPSON.

THE following is from the Rev. Mr. Thompson (a Colonist), who was ordained by Bishop Payne, in February last, and has been placed in charge of the Missionary Station at Bassa Cove.

PALM GROVE, BASSA COVE, August 15th, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—The "Stevens" is now in port from the leeward, on her way home to the United States, I therefore have taken the liberty of addressing you a few hasty lines.

That I have been appointed Minister in charge of the Bassa Mission Station I suppose you have heard long ago. I reached this place the 5th of February, and have been prosecuting the duties devolving upon me ever since with encouragement; preaching in both of the settlements (Upper and Lower Buchanan) once every Sabbath; also holding Sunday Schools in the same place immediately before preaching.

During the week I go to the native towns and preach to them, once or twice. I feel very much interested in them, and, in fact, my mind has been drawn toward them ever since my conversion, and when at Palmas, it was my pleasure and peace to be often with them, telling them of the dear Saviour.

There is a day school kept in our Mission House here, but I by this mail received a letter from Brother Hoffman, re-calling the young man to Cape Palmas, on account of the small appropriation for Bassa.

The Report of my Station I will make out, and according to Mr. Hoffman's request, send it to him, who will forward it to you. Any Church papers, &c., I shall be glad to receive.

Excuse the shortness of this note, and the brief statement I have given of the Station; I shall write in full the next opportunity. Hope I shall receive a line from you. Believe me to be,

Your fellow servant in the Gospel.

P. S. I shall teach the school myself until such time as allowance can be made for another teacher. I hope this Station will not be left long without a teacher.

INTELLIGENCE.

THE REV. P. P. IRVING has resigned his membership in the Foreign Committee, and the vacancy thus made has been filled by the election of the Rev. John Cotton Smith, Rector of the Church of the Ascension, New-York.

RETURN OF THE REV. C. C. HOFFMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman left Cape Palmas on the 17th September, on their return to the United States, via England. A letter giving particulars of their voyage to Liverpool will be found in the Epiphany Paper just issued. At latest date Mrs. Hoffman was too ill to undertake the voyage from England to this country.

LIST OF PACKAGES, &c., received at the Office of the Foreign Committee, No-19 Bible House, from October 1, to December 15, 1859.**

FROM	For	ARTICLE.	No.	FORWARDED BY
Va., Harper's Ferry.	Rev. E. W. Syle, Chi	One Box	57	"Seaman's Bride."
Mass., K. H. Howe.	Rev. C. Keith	One Barrel	58	
D. C., Washington.	Miss C. Jones	One Box	62	
R. I., Providence,				
Mis. Clifford	Orphan Asylum, Af.	One Parcel,	46	M. C. Stevens.
N. Y., Rochester, St.				
Luke's	Mr. Rambo's Sta	One Barrel	47	
Va., R. F. Williams.	Rev. C. M. Williams	1 bbl. & 1 box	60 & 61	1

^{*} In addition to the above, the following were sent direct to the Ship M. C. Stevens; One box from St. Paul's Church, Louisville, Kentucky, for Mr. Rambo, Africa. One box from St. Jude's Sunday School, Philadelphia, materials for clothing for Rocktown Station, value \$30.

Acknowledgments.

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

The Treasurer of the Fereign Committee acknowledges the receipt of the following sums, from October 1st to December 15th, 1859:

New-Wampshire.

Hopkinton—St. Andrew's, from Mrs. Barugh Chase, for Japan

... \$10 00

Bermont.

East Berkshire—Calvary..... \$7 00 Montgomery—Union Ch..... 16 00 23 00

Massachusetts.

Andover-Christ Ch. S. S., to- ward sup. of child in Af. \$3 55	
Boston-Trinity, for Chi., \$404	
10; ed. child in Af \$25;	
general objects, \$62491 10	
" Messiah, for ed. in Af 20 00	
Jamaica Plain-St. John's 50 00	
Newton Corner-Grace, for Chi. 52 25	
North Adams-St. John's, for	
Chi and Japan 5 00	
Salem-St. Peter's S. S, \$50;	
for support child in Af.,	
\$20 70 00	

Williamstown-From little Su-	Mestern New-Pork.
sie, on the anniversary of	
her birth, \$7 75; Anony- mous, \$4 25\$12 00	Avon—From Children's Hoff-
Wood's Hole—Messiah 23 23 \$227 13	man Soc., for Af., \$6; "One day's earnings of
	an old negress," for do.,
Bhode Ksland.	
Newport-Zion S. S., for sup. of	Le Roy-St. Mark's S. S., \$30; from "De Lancey class," to be applied by Mr. Rambo to ed. of an Af-
Martha Littlefield and	to be applied by Mr.
Wm. Cozzens, Af 10 00	Rambo to ed. of an Af-
Wm. Cozzens, Af 10 00 "From "A Lady," ½ 2 50 North Providence—St. Paul's,	rican child, \$20 50 00 New Berlin—St. Andrew's S. S. 16 85
from little Mary, for Af. 1 00	Oneida—St. John's, for Af 1 00 Rochester—Grace S. S., for Af 25 00
Providence-St. John's, "Mem-	Rochester—Grace S. S., for Af 25 00
bers of do., for China Mission," \$537; "For educa-	Miscellaneous—H. Horner, for Af 5 00 \$1
tion of a child in China.	
tion of a child in China, from a family of do" \$25;	NewsIersen.
Advent coll. for Chi., \$20.582 00 595 50	
	Bordentown—Christ Ch
Connecticut.	Elizabeth—St. John's S. S., for the purchase of books for
Hartford-Christ Ch. Missionary	Rev. Mr. Rambo's school,
Soc., for schools in Af 20 00	Af., \$15; for Chi., \$10 25 00
"St. John's	Moorestown—Trinity Ch. S. S., for Chi
60; S. S., for ed in Af.,	Newark—St. Philip's 3 60
\$20	Trinity 3/ 13
New Canaan—St. Mark's, 100	Princeton—From James Potter, Esq
Stratford—Christ Ch 30 50 Waterbury—St. John's, ½ 25 00	113q
Watertown—Christ Ch, ½ 20 00	Pennsylbania.
Westport—Christ Ch 10 00 194 63	Localita.
	Allentown - From Rev. S. K.
New-Pork.	Brobst 5 00
Amenia-St. Thomas' Ch., Miss	Bellefont—St. John's, for Af 45 00
M. Hitchcock, for Af 5 00	Bloomsburg—St. Paul's, for Af. 40 00 Carlisle—St. John's 22 00
Brooklyn—From Mrs. Heerdt, for ed. of Daniel Osgood,	Crawford Co., Medaville-Unrist
Af 20 00	Ch. S. S. Teacher's class. 5 00 Centreville—Trinity 5 00
" St. Peter's, fm. Mrs. Brook-	Centreville—Trinity
ing, for sup. of child, Af. 20 00	sup. of six children in
Carmansville — Intercession S. S., Robert Smith's class,	mission school, Shanghai, Chi
for ed. of Robert Smith,	Dundaff-St. James' Ch. & S. S.,
Af	Chi
Staten Island "for Af 4 00	Doyleston—St. Paul's 15 00 Eckley—St. James 12 00
Clermont—St. Luke's 2 64	Frankford—St. Mark's, \$15; for
Geneva-From "M. A. R.," for	Frankford Scholarship in
Spring Hill School, Af100 00 Granville—Trinity S. S., for Ja-	Orphan Asylum, Af., in full, \$25: for repairs of
pan 2 00	full, \$25; for repairs of Mr. Rambo's dwelling, \$15
pan	\$15 55 00
	a member of 50 00
ward sup. of missionary to Chi	Honesdale—Grace, from a mem-
" St. John the Baptist, from	ber, for Af
a member of	to be applied by Rev. Mr.
Japan 50 00	Liggins, Japan 2 73
Japan 50 00 " Anonymous 20 00	Liggins, Japan 2 73 Lebanon Co.—Colebrook S. S.,
"Through Rev. Dr. Van Kleeck	to be applied by Rev. Mr. Liggins, Japan 3 10
North Castle—St. Stephen's 4 12	" Lebanon Christ Ch. S. S.,
North Castle—St. Stephen's 4 12 Richmond, S. I.—St. Andrew's S. S., for ed. of Theodore	to be applied by Rev. Mr.
S. S., for ed. of Theodore Irving, Af	Liggins, Japan 7 50 Lock Haven—St. Paul's, for Af.,
Waterjora - From J. Knicker-	\$31 54; S. S., for do., \$9
hacker, Esq., through Bn.	46 41 00 Montgomery Co.—Oakland Hall
Potter	S. S., for Japan 6 00
10mmo/ - Dv. 1 aut 5 12 00 0/2 01	5. 5., 101 vapau 0 00

Muncy-St. James, for Af\$20 00	1 Uirginia.
Philadelphia—St. James', from	
Mrs. Susan Cox Erwin 100 00	Albemarle Co.—Charlottesville,
" Nativity S. S., for Af., sub-	Christ Ch., for Af\$156 32
ject to the control of	Alexandria Co. — Alexandria, Grace S. S., for Af 12 00
Rev. Messrs. Hoffman and	Augusta Co.—Stanton commu-
Rambo 50 00	nion alms, for Chi 26 87
rrom a Day man, for Ont.,	Clarke Co.—Berryville, Grace. 35 00
through Rev. Dr. Turner. 2 50	Clarke Co,—Berryville, Grace 35 00 Culpepper Co.—From Miss
" "A. C. R.," for Af., Chi. and	Stringfellow, \$5; a lady,
Japan	Cumberland Co.—"Ca. Ira.," for
Japan 35 00	Cumberland Co"Ca. Ira.," for
Pittshurg - St. Andrew's Ch.,	Chi
from a member, for ed.	" From Mrs. Parish and
from a member, for ed. "Sarah Ormsby," China,	daughters, for Chi 3 50
\$25; a member of Ladies'	Elizabeth City Co.—Old Point,
Missionary Soc., for ed.	Centurion Ch., \$10; from
of a child in Miss E. G.	M. T. Chevers, \$1 11 00 Essex Co. — South Farnham
Jones' school, Chi., to be	Por 27 50
called "Elizabeth B. Mat-	Par
tock," \$25; S. S., for Chi.,	from Ladies' Sewing Soc.
\$5; for orphan asylum C. P., \$1 25; from a class of	of
little girls semi-en nev-	Farguing Co Diodmont Don
little girls, semi-an. pay- ment for ed. Loo Kiung,	Miss. Soc. of 15 00
"From "F. L.," for ed. "Frederick Leighton," Japan 8 00	Miss. Soc. of
"From '. F. L" for ed.	"Immanuel, for Af \$14 45; colored cong., \$2 16 45 "From "Carrier Dove Soc.,"
" Frederick Leighton."	colored cong., \$2 16 45
Japan 8 00	"From "Carrier Dove Soc.,"
Pittston-St James', for Chi.,	for Chi
Japan 8 00 Pittston—St James', for Chi., \$9 16; Af., \$10 19 16	Henrico Co. — Richmond, St.
Pittstown—Christ Ch 15 50 Scranton—St. Luke's, for Af 17 45	James' S. S., for Af 75 00 "St. Paul's Coll., during
Scranton—St. Luke's, for Af 17 45	meeting of the Board369 89
Springville - St. Andrew's, for	Lancaster Co.—Christ Ch. Par.,
West Vincent — St. Andrew's,	White Chapel 42 00
"The gift of little chil-	Lunenburg Co. — Cumberland Par., from "Mrs, V. N.,"
dren, to purchase testa-	Par., from "Mrs, V. N.,"
ments for children in Af. 2 00	for Af
Williamsport - Christ Ch., for	Norfolk Co Norfolk, Christ
Af 30 00 \$792 57	Ch., from Mrs. Payne 25 00
	Northampton Co. — Eastville, from Mrs. M A. F. Strat-
Delaware.	from Mrs. M A. F. Strat-
	ton, for Af 5 00
Lewes-St. Peter's, for Japan 5 00	Powhatan Co.—Powhatan Par., St. Luke's, for Chi100 00
Smyrna—St. Peter's Par., from	" From Mrs. Moseley, for Chi.
Dr. Wm. Cummins, \$5;	\$10: Miss Moseley, for
S.S., for Chi. and Af., \$20. 25 00 30 00	\$10; Miss Moseley, for do., \$5
04 · Y >-	Richmond—St. James, from a
Margland.	
Alleghany Co - Cumberland	Rockbridge Co Lexington,
Alleghany Co. — Cumberland, Emmanuel, for sup. of	Rockbridge Co. — Lexington, from Chi-rand Lexington, 20 00
African child, to be called	for Chi. and Japan 30 00
William Arnett 25 00	Union Hill — From Children's Missionary meeting 2 00
Baltimore—Ascension S. S., for	Missionary meeting 2 00 Warren Co.—Front Royal Ch 5 00
Sub, of two children, At., 20 00	Westmoreland Co.—Oak Grove. 46 50
"Emmanuel, from "C. I	"From Dr. William West, for
H.," ½	
From 'K." ½ 15 00	MiscellaneousFrom an "Irish-
Ch for Af	man," for hospital at C.
Ch., for Af 5 00 Harford Co—Hayre de Grace,	P., through Rev. H. R.
St. John's, ½ 5 00	Scott 5 00
Queen Anne Co. — Centreville	"From Miss M. C. Nelson,
Queen Anne Co. — Centreville, St. Paul's, from Mrs. A.	Chi 12 00
T. Earle, for Japan 2 00	" From Miss H. Brooks, Chi. 75\$1271 66
St. Mary's Co.—Leonardstown,	North Carolina.
St. Andrew's Par. and Ch.,	
½ 26 00	Ashville—Trinity, ½
Washington-"Sigma," 1/2 20 00 123 00	Miscellaneous—From "M.," ½. 5 00 7 50

South Carolina.	Cleveland-St. John's, 1/2\$13 17
Beaufort-St. Helena Ch., for	Gamoter From Rev. E. B.
Af	Kellogg, for scholarship named John G. McElhin-
Black Oak—Trinity 53 35	nev Af
Chapel Hill—From Miss M. L. Spear, for Af 5 00	Newark—Trinity, for Af 5 27
G1 1 1 (G1 1 1 G1 T) 0 000	Steubenville—From "A Female Servant" 2 00 \$55 14
" St. Michael's, \$30 85; for	
people of for Af \$6.50 42.35	#Illinois.
"St. Peter's, from Working	Chicago—Grace, 16,
Soc., for sup. of T. Too-	" Trinity, for Af., \$375;
mey, \$50; gen'l, \$11 30 51 30	Chicago—Grace, %
Charleston—Christ Ch. Par 8 93 "St. Michael's \$30 85; for Chi, \$5; from colored people of, for Af., \$6 50. 42 35 "St. Peter's, from Working Soc., for sup. of T. Toomey, \$50; gen'l, \$11 30. 61 30 "St. Philip's, \$29 35. "from colored people," for sup. of colored teacher. Af.	Decatur—St. John's 3 00
of colored teacher, Af.,	Waukegan From Rev. S.
of colored teacher, Af., \$33	Nash, for Af 5 25 424 25
of 6 00	Rentucky.
Clarendon—St. Mark's, from "A	
Friend to Missions" 25 00 Flat Rock — Through Rev. E.	Louisville—Grace, for Af 40 60 "St. John's, for Af 45 90
Reed105 13	" St. Paul's, for Af 204 35
Radcliff boro'—St. Paul's, \$22;	Newport—From Rev. Chas. H.
Reed	Page, ½ 2 50 293 35
member, for Chi 10 00 \$434 91	Tennessee.
Georgia.	Knorwille St John's from
Ctorg	Knoxville — St. John's, from Children's Mis. Soc., for
Augusta—St. Paul's 102 60	ed. of a child in Af 10 00
Florida.	Memphis—Calvary, for Af., \$164
	35; from a colored woman of, for Af., \$8
Tallahassee—From Mr. Gambol. 5 00	of, for Af., \$8
Alabama.	Nashville—Christ Ch., for Af 30 00 250 35
Russell Co.—St. John's Ch. in the Wilderness, for Af 50 00	Michigan.
,	Grand Rapids-St. Mark's, for
Mississippi.	Af 6 00
Church Hill-Christ Ch 36 00	Arkansas.
Jackson - Sub'n to "Cavalla	
Me senger," Rev. A. R. Martin, \$5; Bp. Greene,	Little Rock—From Mrs. M. F.
\$5: Stephen, George, and	Trapnall, for scholarship in Chi. aud Af
Lizzie Green, \$3; Sally	
Greene, \$1 50; Willie	Oregon.
Lizzie (freen, \$3; Sally Greene, \$1:50; Willie Mercy, 50 cts.; Severn Greene, 50 cts.; 15:50	Eugene-St. Mary's, to be ap-
Natchez-Irinity, for Mi141 40	plied by the Rev. Messrs. Liggins and Williams, Ja-
Yazoo City—Zion S.S., Mount Vaughan station, Af 5 00 197 90	pan 5 00
Louisiana.	France.
Alexandria - Par. of Rapides.	Paris—From Mrs. Roubel (20 francs) 4 00
St. James *	francs) 4 00
Ceras.	Miscellancous.
	From "T. R. I." 5 00
Austin—St. David's, 47 50; for	Legacies.
Orphan Arylum, Cape Palmas, \$6 50	
	Pa., Montgomery Co.—Norristown, from the estate of
⊕hío.	the late Hetty M. Mark-
Circleville—St. Philip's, to be	ley, ½ 100 00
applied by Rev. H. H. Messenger, Af 4 70	Total since October 1, 1859\$6817 53

^{*} A contribution of \$62 15 from this Parish was erroneously entered under the diocese of Virginia, in July No.



14-69

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For use to Lamb Justy

